

CD9 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP68965

Specification

CD9 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality WB, IHC-P, IF <u>P21926</u> Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal

CD9 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 928

Other Names CD9; MIC3; TSPAN29; GIG2; CD9 antigen; 5H9 antigen; Cell growth-inhibiting gene 2 protein; Leukocyte antigen MIC3; Motility-related protein; MRP-1; Tetraspanin-29; Tspan-29; p24; CD antigen CD9

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

CD9 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name CD9 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:1840589, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:1709}

Function

Integral membrane protein associated with integrins, which regulates different processes, such as sperm-egg fusion, platelet activation and aggregation, and cell adhesion (PubMed:14575715, PubMed:18541721, PubMed:18541721, PubMed:18541721, PubMed:8478605). Present at the cell surface of oocytes and plays a key role in sperm-egg fusion, possibly by organizing multiprotein complexes and the morphology of the membrane required for the fusion (By similarity). In myoblasts, associates with CD81 and PTGFRN and inhibits myotube fusion during muscle regeneration (By similarity). In macrophages, associates with CD81 and beta-1 and beta-2 integrins, and prevents macrophage fusion into multinucleated giant cells specialized in ingesting complement-opsonized large particles (PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12796480" target="_blank">12796480). Also
prevents the fusion between mononuclear cell progenitors into osteoclasts in charge of bone
resorption (By similarity). Acts as a receptor for PSG17 (By similarity). Involved in platelet
activation and aggregation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18541721"
target="_blank">18541721). Regulates paranodal junction formation (By similarity). Involved
in cell adhesion, cell motility and tumor metastasis (PubMed:7511626, PubMed:8478605).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Secreted, extracellular exosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P40240}. Note=Present at the cell surface of oocytes. Accumulates in the adhesion area between the sperm and egg following interaction between IZUMO1 and its receptor IZUMO1R/JUNO {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P40240}

Tissue Location

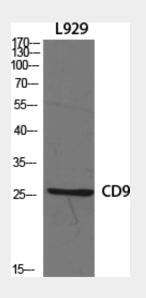
Detected in platelets (at protein level) (PubMed:19640571). Expressed by a variety of hematopoietic and epithelial cells (PubMed:19640571).

CD9 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

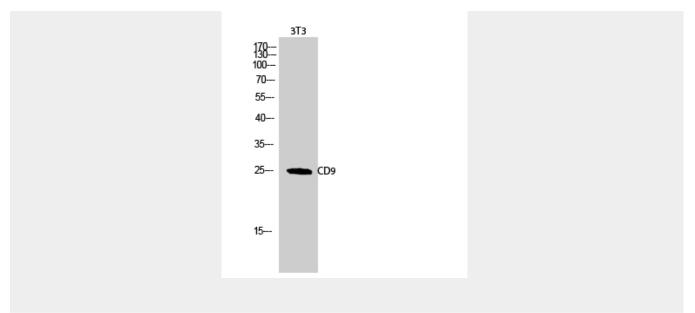
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

CD9 Polyclonal Antibody - Images







CD9 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Integral membrane protein associated with integrins, which regulates different processes, such as sperm-egg fusion, platelet activation and aggregation, and cell adhesion (PubMed:8478605, PubMed:14575715, PubMed:18541721). Present at the cell surface of oocytes and plays a key role in sperm-egg fusion, possibly by organizing multiprotein complexes and the morphology of the membrane required for the fusion (By similarity). Acts as a receptor for PSG17 (By similarity). Involved in platelet activation and aggregation (PubMed:18541721). Regulates paranodal junction formation (By similarity). Involved in cell adhesion, cell motility and tumor metastasis (PubMed:8478605, PubMed:7511626).

CD9 Polyclonal Antibody - Citations

- Assessment of isolation strategies to remove caseins for high-quality milk-derived <u>extracellular vesicles</u>
- <u>Skeletal Muscle-Derived Exosomal miR-146a-5p Inhibits Adipogenesis by Mediating</u> <u>Muscle-Fat Axis and Targeting GDF5-PPARy Signaling</u>